

PFS INVESTMENTS INC.
IMPORTANT INFORMATION FOR RETIREMENT ACCOUNTS
CONTRIBUTION LIMITS

For your convenience, below is a table showing the contribution limits for various types of retirement accounts for the years 2016 and 2017. Please review your account statements to determine the total contributions made to each of your retirement accounts in 2016, and then compare those amounts to the appropriate contribution limit. If you have exceeded a contribution limit, please contact our Customer Service Center at 1-800-544-5445 for instructions on how to remove the excess contributions. Generally, to avoid an IRS penalty, excess contributions must be removed by the date you file your tax return for the year in which the excess contribution was made.

Account Type	2017 Limit	2016 Limit
IRA (Traditional and Roth)	\$5,500	\$5,500
IRA Catch-up Contribution (allowed for shareholders age 50 and older)	\$1,000	\$1,000
403(b) Plans	\$18,000	\$18,000
403(b) Plans Catch-up Contribution (allowed for shareholders age 50 and older)	\$6,000	\$6,000
SIMPLE Plans	\$12,500	\$12,000
SIMPLE Plan Catch-up Contribution (allowed for shareholders age 50 and older)	\$3,000	\$3,000
Simplified Employee Pension ("SEP") or SAR SEP Plans	Lesser of - 25% of employee's compensation or \$54,000	Lesser of - 25% of employee's compensation or \$53,000

IRA / RETIREMENT PLAN
CUSTODIAN FEE SCHEDULE

Annual Maintenance Fee	\$25*
Retail Account Termination Fee	\$30

*The annual 2017 retirement plan custodian fee of \$25 will be assessed to all retail brokerage accounts on the platform (excluding Coverdell accounts) in December 2017 unless already deducted or prepaid.

ARE YOU AGE 70 ½ or OLDER?

Purchase Restrictions - Per IRS regulations, no contributions to a Traditional IRA are allowed in the calendar year in which an individual turns age 70½ and any year thereafter. If you have a Traditional IRA and turned age 70½ in 2016, any systematic purchase plan was cancelled and no additional contributions will be accepted.

Required Minimum Distributions (RMDs) – You cannot keep retirement funds in your account indefinitely. Generally, you have to start taking withdrawals from your IRA or retirement plan account when you reach age 70½. (Roth IRAs do not require withdrawals until after the death of the owner.) For more information on RMDs, call the Customer Service Center or go to www.irs.gov and search “required minimum distributions”.

REVIEW YOUR ACCOUNT BENEFICIARIES

Remember, if during the year you’ve had a “life changing event” such as a marriage, divorce, death of a family member or birth of a child, it’s a good idea to review the beneficiary information on your retirement accounts. You may log in to your account on Shareholder Account Manager or contact our Customer Service Center to get up-to-date beneficiary information or information on how to request a beneficiary change.