Primerica Life Insurance Company of Canada

Life Insurance Capital Adequacy Test (LICAT) Ratio

December 31, 2022

LICAT Ratio Public Disclosure Summary

The Office of the Superintendent of Financial Institutions (OSFI) requires federally-regulated life insurance companies and insurance holding companies to maintain capital ratios in accordance with regulatory Capital Guidelines. The Capital Guidelines define and establish criteria and limits for determining an insurer's Capital Resources and Capital Requirements. Primerica Life Insurance Company of Canada ("PLICC") is required to maintain, at minimum, a Core Ratio of 55% and a Total Ratio of 90%. OSFI has further established supervisory target levels of 70% for Core and 100% for Total capital. In addition, OSFI requires companies to set internal target levels of capital sufficient to provide for all risks of the insurer, including risks specified in OSFI's Capital Guidelines. As at December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, PLICC has satisfied regulatory requirements.

Definition of terms can be found on the OSFI website in Guideline A at: Life Insurance Capital Adequacy Test

(all amounts below are in thousands of dollars, except percentages)							
		<u>31-Dec-22</u>		<u>31-Dec-21</u>		<u>Change - %</u>	
Capital Resources:							
Available Capital (A+B)		\$692,881		\$527,680		31.3%	
Tier 1 Capital (A)							
Tier 2 Capital (B)							
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Surplus Allowance and Eligible Deposits (C)		\$754,511		\$704,327		7.1%	
Capital Requirements:		4004.000		4		2.6%	
Base Solvency Buffer (D)		\$831,960		\$810,888		2.6%	
		Total	Core	Total	Core	Total	Core
		LICAT	LICAT	LICAT	LICAT	Ratio	Ratio
Capital Levels:		Ratio	Ratio	Ratio	Ratio	Change	Change
Minimums		90%	55%	90%	55%	-	-
Supervisory Targets		100%	70%	100%	70%	-	-
PLICC Actuals		173.97%	107.04%	151.93%	93.34%	14.5%	14.7%
<u>Calculations</u>							
Total LICAT Ratio	((A+B+C)/D)*100						

Core LICAT Ratio ((A+70%C)/D)*100

Qualitative Analysis of Solvency Ratio (Period over Period)

Available Capital increased due to normal growth in earnings. Surplus Allowance was favorably impacted by changes in non-economic factors over the period, and the Base Solvency Buffer increased due to normal growth in the business, resulting in a net increase in both the Total and Core LICAT Ratios over the prior year.